

BANGKOK BANK BERHAD
(299740 W)
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
Statement by Directors and Audited
Financial Statements
30 June 2009

Ernst & Young
AF : 0039

299740 W

**Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)**

Contents	Page
Performance review and commentary on the prospects	1
Statement by directors	2
Statement by director responsible for financial management	2
Report of the auditors	3
Balance sheets	4
Income statements	5 - 6
Statements of changes in equity	7 - 8
Cash flow statements	9 - 10
Notes to the financial statements	11 - 63

299740 W

**Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)**

**Performance review for the financial period ended 30 June 2009 and
commentary on the prospects.**

Bangkok Bank Berhad registered a profit before tax of RM9.6 million for the first half of 2009, which is marginally higher as compared to RM9.2 million recorded during the previous comparative period mainly due to the decrease in loan loss provisioning.

Net interest income deteriorated by 11% to RM17.8 million from RM20.0 million a year ago largely due to slowdown in customer' utilisation in the current economic turmoil and Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) cuts initiated by Bank Negara Malaysia. Loan outstanding decline marginally from RM1.4 billion at end June 2008 to RM1.3 billion at end June 2009. Customer deposit grew substantially from RM1.1 billion at end June 2008 to RM1.3 billion at end June 2009.

The decrease in loan loss and allowances, from RM7.5 million for the six months ended 30 June 2008 to RM3.6 million (or 53% decrease) is mainly attributable to the lower specific allowance made. Gross NPLs have also decreased from RM43.8 million in June 2008 to RM37.7 million in June 2009 due to the write off of a few corporate accounts in the 3rd quarter of 2008.

Despite the slowing economy, the banking industry in Malaysia still remains sound due to its strong capitalization and healthy asset quality.

The Bank will continue to focus on its core business of lending to selected niche areas but will be more cautious in its credit underwriting standards. The Bank will also continue to focus on maintaining its current good liquidity position.

299740 W

**Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)**

Statement by directors

We, Loke Tan Cheng and Professor Dato' Ruslan Khalid, being two of the directors of Bangkok Bank Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 4 to 63 are drawn up in accordance with the applicable Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia as modified by Bank Negara Malaysia guidelines so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Bank as at 30 June 2009 and of the results and the cash flows of the Group and of the Bank for the six-month period then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Loke Tan Cheng

Professor Dato' Ruslan Khalid

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
17 August 2009

Statement by director responsible for financial management

I, Loke Tan Cheng, being the director primarily responsible for the financial management of Bangkok Bank Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 4 to 63 are drawn up in accordance with applicable Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia as modified by Bank Negara Malaysia guidelines so to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Bank as at 30 June 2009 and of the results and the cash flows of the Group and of the Bank for the six-month period then ended.

Loke Tan Cheng

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
17 August 2009

299740 W

**Report on Review of Interim Financial Information to the
Board of Directors of Bangkok Bank Berhad
for the six-month period ended 30 June 2009**

Report on the financial statements

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheet of Bangkok Bank Berhad as of 30 June 2009 and the related statements of income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia as modified by Bank Negara Malaysia guidelines. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard of Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information does not give a true and fair view of the financial position of the entity as at 30 June 2009, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia as modified by Bank Negara Malaysia guidelines.

17 August 2009

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Balance sheets as at 30 June 2009

	Note	Group		Bank	
		30.6.2009 RM'000	31.12.2008 RM'000 (restated)	30.6.2009 RM'000	31.12.2008 RM'000 (restated)
Assets					
Cash and short-term funds	4	417,858	510,448	417,823	510,416
Deposits and placements with banks	5	140,000	-	140,000	-
Securities Held-for-trading	6	-	25,929	-	25,929
Securities Available-for-sale	7	136,944	179,544	136,944	179,544
Securities Held-to-maturity	8	35,427	14,977	35,427	14,977
Loans, advances and financing	9	1,228,057	1,472,522	1,228,057	1,472,522
Other assets	10	4,059	7,270	4,059	7,270
Statutory deposit with Bank Negara Malaysia	11	10,000	40,000	10,000	40,000
Investment in subsidiary	12	-	-	10	10
Property and equipment	13	11,067	11,159	11,067	11,159
Intangible Assets	14	307	363	307	363
Deferred tax assets	15	7,002	6,256	7,002	6,256
Total assets		1,990,721	2,268,468	1,990,696	2,268,446
Liabilities and shareholder's equity					
Deposits from customers	16	1,337,893	1,277,325	1,337,893	1,277,325
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institution	17	97,324	386,282	97,324	386,282
Obligation on securities sold under repurchase agreements		120,887	158,453	120,887	158,453
Bills and acceptances payable		27,405	46,824	27,405	46,824
Other liabilities	18	20,959	16,502	20,956	16,494
Tax Payable		195	-	190	-
Total liabilities		1,604,663	1,885,386	1,604,655	1,885,378
Share capital	19	265,000	265,000	265,000	265,000
Statutory reserve	20	112,461	112,461	112,454	112,454
Revaluation reserve		(2,430)	2,293	(2,430)	2,293
Accumulated profits		11,027	3,328	11,017	3,321
Shareholder's equity		386,058	383,082	386,041	383,068
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity		1,990,721	2,268,468	1,990,696	2,268,446
Commitments and contingencies	28	1,307,619	1,036,303	1,307,619	1,036,303

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Consolidated income statement
For the period ended 30 June 2009

	Note	Group			
		Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
		3 months ended		6 months ended	
		1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
		to	to		
		30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Interest income	21	17,864	24,772	39,524	52,883
Interest expense	22	(9,428)	(14,552)	(21,741)	(32,880)
Net interest income		8,436	10,220	17,783	20,003
Loans loss and allowances, net	23	(1,870)	(4,677)	(3,551)	(7,516)
		6,566	5,543	14,232	12,487
Non-interest income	24	2,019	2,619	4,865	5,570
Net income		8,585	8,162	19,097	18,057
Overhead expenses	25	(4,995)	(4,591)	(9,493)	(8,812)
Profit before taxation		3,590	3,571	9,604	9,245
Taxation	26	(181)	(960)	(1,905)	(2,765)
Net profit for the period		3,409	2,611	7,699	6,480
Earnings per share (sen)	27				
- basic		1.29	0.99	2.91	2.45
- diluted		1.29	0.99	2.91	2.45

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Income statement
For the period ended 30 June 2009

	Note	Bank			
		Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
		3 months ended		6 months ended	
		1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
		to	to		
		30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Interest income	21	17,864	24,772	39,524	52,883
Interest expense	22	(9,428)	(14,552)	(21,741)	(32,880)
Net interest income		8,436	10,220	17,783	20,003
Loans loss and allowances, net	23	(1,870)	(4,677)	(3,551)	(7,516)
		6,566	5,543	14,232	12,487
Non-interest income	24	2,016	2,610	4,861	5,560
Net income		8,582	8,153	19,093	18,047
Overhead expenses	25	(4,994)	(4,590)	(9,493)	(8,811)
Profit before taxation		3,588	3,563	9,600	9,236
Taxation	26	(181)	(958)	(1,904)	(2,763)
Net profit for the period		3,407	2,605	7,696	6,473
Earnings per share (sen)	27				
- basic		1.29	0.98	2.90	2.44
- diluted		1.29	0.98	2.90	2.44

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of changes in equity
For the period ended 30 June 2009

	<----- Group ----->				
	<----- Distributable ----->				
	Share capital	Non- distributable Statutory reserve	Revaluation reserve	Accumulated (losses)/ Retained profits	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2008	265,000	101,726	(63)	(7,408)	359,255
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	6,480	6,480
Unrealised net loss on revaluation of available- for-sale securities	-	-	(4,031)	-	(4,031)
At 30 June 2008	<u>265,000</u>	<u>101,726</u>	<u>(4,094)</u>	<u>(928)</u>	<u>361,704</u>
At 1 January 2009	265,000	112,461	2,293	3,328	383,082
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	7,699	7,699
Unrealised net loss on revaluation of available- for-sale securities	-	-	(4,723)	-	(4,723)
At 30 June 2009	<u>265,000</u>	<u>112,461</u>	<u>(2,430)</u>	<u>11,027</u>	<u>386,058</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of changes in equity
For the period ended 30 June 2009 (cont'd.)

	<----- Bank ----->				
	Non-distributable		<----- Distributable ----->		
	Share capital	Statutory reserve	Revaluation reserve	Accumulated (losses)/ Retained profits	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2008	265,000	101,726	(63)	(7,408)	359,255
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	6,473	6,473
Unrealised net loss on revaluation of available-for-sale securities	-	-	(4,031)	-	(4,031)
At 30 June 2008	<u>265,000</u>	<u>101,726</u>	<u>(4,094)</u>	<u>(935)</u>	<u>361,697</u>
At 1 January 2009	265,000	112,454	2,293	3,321	383,068
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	7,696	7,696
Unrealised net loss on revaluation of available-for-sale securities	-	-	(4,723)	-	(4,723)
At 30 June 2009	<u>265,000</u>	<u>112,454</u>	<u>(2,430)</u>	<u>11,017</u>	<u>386,041</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Cash flow statements
For the period ended 30 June 2009

	Group		Bank	
	1.1.2009 to 30.6.2009 RM'000	1.1.2008 to 30.6.2008 RM'000	1.1.2009 to 30.6.2009 RM'000	1.1.2008 to 30.6.2008 RM'000
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before taxation	9,604	9,245	9,600	9,236
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation	639	479	639	479
Amortisation of intangible assets	126	36	126	36
Allowance for losses on loans and financing, net	4,693	8,142	4,693	8,142
Unrealised foreign exchange gain	271	763	271	763
Net gain on revaluation of securities held for trading	177	90	177	90
Amortisation of premium net of accretion of discount	411	258	411	258
Interest in suspense	1,859	1,722	1,859	1,722
Dividend income	(7)	(28)	(7)	(28)
Operating profit before working capital changes	17,773	20,707	17,769	20,698
Decrease/(increase) in loans and advances	237,913	(359,328)	237,913	(359,328)
Decrease/(increase) in deposits and placements with banks	(140,000)	317,182	(140,000)	317,182
Increase in other assets	(461)	(2,013)	(460)	(2,013)
Decrease/(increase) in statutory deposit with Bank Negara Malaysia	30,000	(10,000)	30,000	(10,000)
Increase in deposits from customers	60,568	2,462	60,568	2,462
(Decrease)/increase in deposits and placements of licensed banks	(288,958)	(224,261)	(288,958)	(224,261)
Increase in obligations sold under repo	(37,566)	32,791	(37,566)	32,791
Increase/(decrease) in bills and acceptances payable	(19,419)	8,661	(19,419)	8,661
(Decrease)/increase in other liabilities	4,461	(4,830)	4,461	(4,830)
Cash used in operations	(135,689)	(218,629)	(135,692)	(218,638)
Taxes paid	(3,544)	(3,275)	(3,544)	(3,275)
Taxes refunded	4,486	-	4,486	-
Net cash used in operating activities	(134,747)	(221,904)	(134,750)	(221,913)

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Cash flow statements

For the period ended 30 June 2009 (cont'd.)

	Group		Bank	
	1.1.2009 to 30.6.2009 RM'000	1.1.2008 to 30.6.2008 RM'000	1.1.2009 to 30.6.2009 RM'000	1.1.2008 to 30.6.2008 RM'000
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of property and equipment	(547)	(705)	(547)	(705)
Purchase of intangible assets	(70)	(409)	(70)	(409)
Purchase of securities held for trading	(190,339)	(90,629)	(190,339)	(90,629)
Purchase of securities available for sale	(48,494)	(84,815)	(48,494)	(84,815)
Purchase of held-to-maturity securities	(20,450)	-	(20,450)	-
Dividend received	6	27	6	27
Proceeds from disposal of securities held for trading	216,089	110,020	216,089	110,020
Proceeds from disposal of securities available for sale	85,962	5,007	85,962	5,007
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	42,157	(61,504)	42,157	(61,504)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(92,590)	(283,408)	(92,593)	(283,417)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial period	510,448	771,429	510,416	771,417
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial period	417,858	488,021	417,823	488,000
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:				
Cash and short-term funds	417,858	488,021	417,823	488,000

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements - 30 June 2009

1. Corporate information

The principal activities of Bangkok Bank Berhad ("the Bank") are banking and related financial services. The principal activity of its subsidiary is described in Note 12. There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial period.

The Bank is a public limited liability licensed bank, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia. The principal place of business of the Bank is located at 105, Jalan Tun H.S. Lee, 50000 Kuala Lumpur.

The Bank is a wholly-owned subsidiary of its holding and ultimate holding company, Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited, a bank incorporated in Thailand.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Bank have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated in this summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements comply with the provision of Companies Act, 1965 and applicable Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") in Malaysia as modified by Bank Negara Malaysia guidelines.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM) and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (RM'000) except when otherwise indicated.

(a) Adoption of new and revised FRSs and IC Interpretation

The following new FRS and Interpretations were issued but not yet effective and have not been applied by the Group and the Bank.

FRS, Amendments to FRS and Interpretations:	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
FRS 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2010
FRS 8: Operating Segments	1 July 2009
FRS 139: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	1 January 2010
FRS 123: Borrowing Costs	1 January 2010
Amendments to FRS 1: First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards	

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

2. Basis of preparation (cont'd.)

(a) Adoption of new and revised FRSs and IC Interpretation (cont'd.)

FRS, Amendments to FRS and Interpretations:	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to FRS 127: Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements: Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity and Associate	1 January 2010
IC interpretation 9: Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives	1 January 2010
IC interpretation 10: Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	1 January 2010
IC interpretation 11 FRS 2 - Group and Treasury Share Transactions	1 January 2010
IC interpretation 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes	1 January 2010
IC interpretation 14 FRS 119 - The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction	1 January 2010

The above FRSs and IC Interpretations will take effect from the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010 except FRS 8 which will be effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009.

The impact of applying FRS 4, 7 and 139 on the financial statements upon first adoption as required by paragraph 30(b) of FRS 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors is not disclosed by virtue of the exemptions given in the respective FRSs.

FRS 8, FRS 123, Amendments to FRS 1 and 2, IC Interpretation 9, 10, 11, 13 and 14 are not expected to have significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and Company.

(b) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with FRSs requires the use of certain accounting estimates and exercise of judgement. Estimates and judgements are continuously evaluated and are based on past experience, reasonable expectations of future events and other factors.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

2. Basis of preparation (cont'd.)

(b) Significant accounting estimates and judgements (cont'd.)

The key estimates made by management in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies are in relation to allowances for bad and doubtful debts. The Bank has developed certain criteria based on Bank Negara Malaysia guidelines to identify potential bad and doubtful debts and the relevant allowances to provide.

The directors have made key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation or uncertainty at the balance sheet date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next financial year in relation to impairment and recoverability of loans.

Significant judgment is required in determining the recoverability of the loans with consideration given to aging of the loans, historical and current conduct of loan accounts, internal ratings and other relevant factors.

Other than the above, the directors are of the opinion, that there are no key assumptions concerning the future nor other key sources of estimation uncertainty at balance sheet date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

3. Significant accounting policies

(a) Subsidiary and basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiary

The subsidiary is an entity over which the Group has the ability to control the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group has such power over another entity.

In the Company's separate financial statements, the investment in subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investment, the difference between net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is included in profit or loss.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd.)

(a) Subsidiary and basis of consolidation (cont'd.)

(ii) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiary at each balance sheet date. The financial statements of the subsidiary are prepared for the same reporting date as the Bank.

The subsidiary is fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Bank obtained control, and continues to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, intragroup balances, transactions and unrealised gains or losses are eliminated in full. Uniform accounting policies are adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

The acquisitions of the subsidiary is accounted for using the purchase method. The purchase method of accounting involves allocating the cost of the acquisition to the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of the assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued, plus any costs directly attributable to the acquisition.

Any excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Bank's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities represents goodwill. Any excess of the Bank's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(b) Revenue recognition

(i) Interest and financing income recognition

Interest income are recognised on an accrual basis. Interest income on housing and term loans is accounted for on a daily accrual basis by reference to the rest periods as stipulated in the loan agreements. Interest income includes the amortisation of premium or accretion of discount. Interest income on securities is recognised on an effective yield basis.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd.)

(b) Revenue recognition (cont'd.)

(i) Interest and financing income recognition (cont'd.)

Where an account has turned non-performing, interest accrued previously but has not been received is reversed out of income, and set off against the accrued interest receivable in the balance sheet with retroactive adjustment made from the date of first default. Subsequently, interest earned on non-performing accounts shall be recognised as income on a cash basis until such time as the accounts are no longer classified as non-performing.

Customers' accounts are classified as non-performing where repayments are in arrears for three (3) months or more from the first day of default for loans and overdrafts. Trade bills, bankers' acceptances and trust receipts are classified as non-performing when they are due and unpaid for three (3) months from the first day of default.

(ii) Fee and other income recognition

Other fees and commission on a variety of services and facilities extended to customers are recognised on inception of such transactions.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(iv) Rental income

Rental income is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

(c) Allowance for bad and doubtful debts

Specific allowances are made for bad and doubtful debts which have been individually reviewed and specifically identified as bad or doubtful.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd.)

(c) Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (cont'd.)

A general allowance based on a certain percentage of the loan portfolio, net of interest in suspense and specific allowance for bad and doubtful debts is made by the Bank against possible losses which are not specifically identified. The general allowance made by the Bank conforms with the minimum rate specified by Bank Negara Malaysia.

An uncollectible loan or portion of a loan classified as bad is written off after taking into consideration the realisable value of collaterals, if any, when in the judgement of management, there is no prospect of recovery.

When computing specific allowances for non-performing loans, no value is assigned to the realisable value of the collaterals for non-performing loans above 5 years.

(d) Securities

Securities include all equity instruments (excluding investment in subsidiary), Government securities, corporate debt securities issued on conventional or Islamic principles and asset-backed securities. Securities are classified under the following categories and valuation methods as described thereon.

(i) Held-for-trading

Securities are classified as held-for-trading if they are acquired principally for the purpose of benefiting from actual or expected short-term price movement or to lock in arbitrage profits. The securities held-for-trading will be stated at fair value and any gain or loss arising from a change in their fair values and the derecognition of securities held-for-trading are recognised in the income statement.

(ii) Held-to-maturity

Securities held-to-maturity are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Bank has the positive intent to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity securities are stated at cost adjusted for amortisation of premium or accretion of discount, if any, calculated on the effective yield basis, from the date of purchase to maturity date, less impairment losses. Amortisation of premium, accretion of discount and impairment as well as gain or loss arising from derecognition of securities held-to-maturity are recognised in the income statement.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd.)

(d) Securities (cont'd.)

(iii) Available-for-sale

Securities available-for-sale are financial assets that are not classified as held-for-trading or held-to-maturity. The securities available-for-sale are measured at fair value or at cost (less impairment losses) if the fair value cannot be reliably measured. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value is recognised directly in equity through the statement of changes in equity, until the financial asset is sold, collected, disposed of or impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity will be transferred to the income statements.

(e) Property and equipment and depreciation

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment except for freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated.

Depreciation of other property and equipment is provided for on a straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives at the following annual rates:

Buildings	2 - 10%
Motor vehicles	16%
Office equipment, furniture and fittings, and computer equipment	8% - 40%

The carrying values of property and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd.)

(e) Property and equipment and depreciation (cont'd.)

An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement in the period the asset is derecognised.

The asset's residual values, useful lives and methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

(f) Intangible asset

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic useful lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible assets may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each balance sheet date.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised but tested for impairment annually or more frequently if the events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is also reviewed annually to determine whether the useful life assessment continues to be supportable.

Intangible assets are amortised over their finite useful lives as follows:

Computer Software	2 - 5 years
-------------------	-------------

At each balance sheet date, the Group and the Bank review the carrying amounts of the assets, other than securities portfolio and deferred tax assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd.)

(g) Impairment of assets

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to that asset.

An impairment loss is recognised in income statement in the period in which it arises. An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the profit or loss unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. After such a reversal, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

(h) Other receivables

Other receivables are stated at anticipated realisable values. Bad debts are written off when identified. An estimate is made for doubtful debts based on a review of all outstanding amounts as at balance sheet date.

(i) Bills and acceptances payable

Bills and acceptances payable represents the Group's and the Bank's own bills and acceptances rediscounted and outstanding in the market.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd.)

(j) Liabilities and other payables

Deposits from customers, deposits and placements of banks and financial institutions are stated at placement values. Other liabilities are stated at cost which is the fair value of the consideration expected to be paid in the future for goods and services received.

(k) Obligations on securities sold under repurchase agreement.

The Group and the Bank have commitment to repurchase obligations on securities sold under Repurchase Agreements at future dates. Such financing transactions and corresponding obligations to repurchase the securities are reflected as liability on the balance sheet.

(l) Foreign currencies

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM), which is also the Bank's primary functional currency.

(b) Foreign currency transactions

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currencies using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising on monetary items that form part of the Group's net investment in foreign operations.

The Group and Company does not have any net investment in foreign operations.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd.)

(l) Foreign currencies (cont'd.)

(b) Foreign currency transactions (cont'd.)

The principal exchange rates for every unit of foreign currency ruling at balance sheet date used are as follows:

	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
Singapore Dollar	2.43	2.41
Thai Baht	0.10	0.10
United States Dollar	3.52	3.47

(m) Employee benefits

(i) Short term benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Bank. Short-term accumulating compensated balances such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences, and short-term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

As required by law, companies in Malaysia make contributions to the state pension scheme, the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"). Such contributions are recognised as an expense in the income statement as incurred.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits as a liability and an expense when it is demonstrably committed to either terminate the employment of current employees according to a detailed plan without possibility of withdrawal or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the measurement of termination benefits is based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than twelve months after balance sheet date are discounted to present value.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd.)

(n) Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the period and is measured using the tax rates that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is provided for, using the liability method, on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or negative goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is recognised in the income statement, except when it arises from a transaction which is recognised directly in equity, in which case, the deferred tax is also charged or credited to equity.

(o) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank balances and short-term funds with remaining maturity of less than one month.

(p) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the balance sheet when the Group has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial instruments are classified as liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements. Interest, dividends, gains and losses relating to a financial instrument classified as a liability, are reported as expense or income. Distributions to holders of financial instruments classified as equity are charged directly to equity. Financial instruments are offset when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends to settle either on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd.)

(p) Financial instruments (cont'd.)

The accounting policies for financial instruments are as described in their respective specific notes above. The accounting policies for other financial instruments are as follows:

(i) Equity instruments

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

The transaction costs of an equity transaction, other than in the context of a business combination, are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of tax. Equity transaction costs comprise only those incremental external costs directly attributable to the equity transaction which would otherwise have been avoided. Cost of issuing equity securities in connection with a business combination are included in the cost of acquisition.

(q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance cost.

(r) Derivative Instruments

Derivative instruments are initially recognised at fair value, which is normally zero or negligible at inception and subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices in active markets, including recent market transactions. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative. Changes in the fair value of any derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the income statement.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

4. Cash and short-term funds

	Group		Bank	
	30.6.2009 RM'000	31.12.2008 RM'000	30.6.2009 RM'000	31.12.2008 RM'000
Cash and balances with banks and Bank Negara Malaysia	395,773	415,652	395,738	415,620
Money at call and deposit placements maturing within one month	22,085	94,796	22,085	94,796
	<u>417,858</u>	<u>510,448</u>	<u>417,823</u>	<u>510,416</u>

The weighted average effective interest rates at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009 %	31.12.2008 %
	per annum	per annum
Licensed banks	1.99	3.22
Bank Negara Malaysia	<u>2.02</u>	<u>3.26</u>

5. Deposits and placements with banks

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009 RM'000	31.12.2008 RM'000
Licensed Banks	90,000	-
Bank Negara Malaysia	50,000	-
	<u>140,000</u>	<u>-</u>

The weighted average effective interest rates at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009 %	31.12.2008 %
	per annum	per annum
Licensed banks	2.13	-
Bank Negara Malaysia	<u>2.06</u>	<u>-</u>

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

6. Securities held-for-trading

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
In Malaysia:		
At fair value		
Money market instruments:		
Malaysian Government Securities	-	25,929
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

7. Securities available-for-sale

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
In Malaysia:		
At fair value		
Money market instruments:		
Malaysian Government Securities	95,860	128,120
Private Debt Securities	20,408	20,485
Cagamas Bonds	5,002	10,001
Government Investment Issue	14,802	20,066
Quoted securities in Malaysia:		
Debt converted shares *	-	-
	<u>136,072</u>	<u>178,672</u>
At cost		
Unquoted shares		
Shares	872	872
	<u>136,944</u>	<u>179,544</u>

* Quoted securities fully provided as at relevant balance sheet dates.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

8. Securities held-to-maturity

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
In Malaysia:		
Money market instruments:		
Malaysian Government Securities		
Cagamas Bonds	35,410	14,961
Unquoted securities:		
Private debt securities	840	840
	<u>36,250</u>	<u>15,801</u>
Less: Amortisation of premium net of accretion of discount	4	3
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(827)	(827)
	<u>35,427</u>	<u>14,977</u>

(i) Indicative fair value of securities:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Malaysian Government Securities		
Cagamas Bonds	35,715	15,231
Unquoted securities - private debt securities	13	13

(ii) The maturity structure of money market instruments held for investments is as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Maturing more than one year	<u>35,410</u>	<u>14,961</u>

(iii) The weighted average effective interest rate as at balance sheet date was 3.33% (31.12.2008: 3.65%) per annum.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

9. Loans, advances and financing

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Overdrafts	99,043	95,937
Term loans		
Housing loans	10,321	10,973
Syndicated term loan	52,404	54,668
Other term loans	260,374	260,608
Revolving credits	208,826	212,206
Bills receivables	16,452	17,160
Trust receipts	61,809	109,923
Bankers' acceptances	537,652	716,527
Other financing	36,676	47,369
Staff loans	1,689	1,795
	<u>1,285,246</u>	<u>1,527,166</u>
Unearned interest	(2,870)	(5,018)
	<u>1,282,376</u>	<u>1,522,148</u>
General allowance for bad and doubtful debts ("GA")	(26,647)	(23,540)
Specific allowance for bad and doubtful debts ("SA")	(27,672)	(26,086)
Net loans, advances and financing	<u>1,228,057</u>	<u>1,472,522</u>
Total loans, advances and financing less SA	<u>1,254,704</u>	<u>1,496,062</u>

(i) The maturity structure of loans, advances and financing are as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Maturing within one year	966,314	1,199,572
One year to three years	123,420	125,030
Three years to five years	79,871	95,107
Over five years	112,771	102,439
	<u>1,282,376</u>	<u>1,522,148</u>

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

9. Loans, advances and financing (cont'd.)

(ii) Loans, advances and financing according to purpose are as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Purchase of securities	37,369	45,193
Purchase of transport vehicles	4,776	5,142
Purchase of residential properties	11,982	12,735
Purchase of non-residential properties	59,896	61,897
Purchase of fixed assets other than land and building	69,543	54,198
Personal use	5,820	5,012
Construction	21,885	27,257
Working capital	1,071,105	1,310,714
	<u>1,282,376</u>	<u>1,522,148</u>

(iii) Loans, advances and financing according to type of customer are as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Domestic non-bank financial institutions	69,790	97,636
Domestic business enterprises		
- Small medium enterprises	385,024	429,312
- Others	809,687	977,371
Domestic other entities	47	53
Individuals	17,828	17,776
	<u>1,282,376</u>	<u>1,522,148</u>

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

9. Loans, advances and financing (cont'd.)

- (iv) Loans, advances and financing according to interest/profit rate sensitivity are as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Fixed rate		
Housing loan	1,661	1,791
Other fixed rate loan/financing	28,882	3,762
Variable rate		
BLR plus	352,515	315,323
Cost-plus	869,205	1,077,282
Other variable rates	30,113	123,990
	<u>1,282,376</u>	<u>1,522,148</u>

- (v) Movements in the non-performing loans, advances and financing are as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Balance as at 1 January	35,957	40,775
Classified as non-performing during the period/year	3,259	8,631
Reclassified as performing during the period/year	(795)	(1,206)
Amount recovered	(797)	(624)
Amount written off	-	(11,599)
Other adjustment	75	(20)
Balance as at 30 June/ 31 December	<u>37,699</u>	<u>35,957</u>
Specific allowance	<u>(27,672)</u>	<u>(26,086)</u>
Net non-performing loans, advances and financing	<u>10,027</u>	<u>9,871</u>
Ratio of net non-performing loans, advances and financing to total loans, advances and financing less SA	<u>0.80%</u>	<u>0.66%</u>

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

9. Loans, advances and financing (cont'd.)

(vi) Movements in the allowance for bad and doubtful debts are as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
General Allowance		
Balance as at 1 January	23,540	16,999
Allowance made during the period/year	4,300	6,541
Transfer to specific allowance	(1,193)	-
Balance as at 30 June/ 31 December	<u>26,647</u>	<u>23,540</u>
GA% of gross loans, advances and financing less SA	<u>2.12%</u>	<u>1.57%</u>

Specific Allowance

Balance as at 1 January	26,086	29,279
Allowance made during the period/year	1,188	9,513
Transfer from general allowance	1,193	-
Written off	-	(11,599)
Recovered and written back	(795)	(1,107)
Balance as at 30 June/ 31 December	<u>27,672</u>	<u>26,086</u>

(vii) Non-performing loans according to purpose are as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Purchase of residential properties	2,309	2,162
Working capital	35,390	33,795
	<u>37,699</u>	<u>35,957</u>

(viii) The weighted average effective interest rate for loans, advances and financing at the balance sheet date was 4.33% (31.12.2008: 5.23%) per annum.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

10. Other assets

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000 (restated)
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	2,204	2,762
Unrealised gain on derivatives	1,855	1,106
Tax recoverable	-	3,402
	<u>4,059</u>	<u>7,270</u>

11. Statutory deposit with Bank Negara Malaysia

The statutory deposit is maintained with Bank Negara Malaysia in compliance with Section 37(1)(c) of the Central Bank of Malaysia Ordinance, 1958 (revised 1994), the amounts of which are determined as a set percentage of total eligible liabilities.

12. Investment in subsidiary

	Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Unquoted shares, at cost	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>

Details of the subsidiary, which is incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:

Name of company	Percentage of equity held		Principal activity
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008	
BBL Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd	100	100	Provision of nominee services to local clients of the Bank

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

13. Property and equipment

	Freehold land and buildings* RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Office equipment, furniture and fittings, and computer equipment RM'000	Total RM'000
Group and Bank				
30 June 2009				
Cost				
At 1 January 2009	14,512	1,049	6,520	22,081
Additions	330	-	217	547
At 30 June 2009	<u>14,842</u>	<u>1,049</u>	<u>6,737</u>	<u>22,628</u>
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2009	6,172	787	3,963	10,922
Depreciation charge for the year	138	40	461	639
At 30 June 2009	<u>6,310</u>	<u>827</u>	<u>4,424</u>	<u>11,561</u>
Net carrying amount	<u>8,532</u>	<u>222</u>	<u>2,313</u>	<u>11,067</u>
31 December 2008				
Cost				
At 1 January 2008	14,031	1,049	4,979	20,059
Additions	481	-	1,541	2,022
At 31 December 2008	<u>14,512</u>	<u>1,049</u>	<u>6,520</u>	<u>22,081</u>
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2008	5,902	676	3,331	9,909
Depreciation charge for the year	270	111	632	1,013
At 31 December 2008	<u>6,172</u>	<u>787</u>	<u>3,963</u>	<u>10,922</u>
Net carrying amount	<u>8,340</u>	<u>262</u>	<u>2,557</u>	<u>11,159</u>

* Included in the above is freehold land costing RM714,490 (31.12.2008: RM714,490).

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

13. Property and equipment (cont'd.)

Included in the property and equipment of the Group and the Bank are fully depreciated assets which are still in use, at cost of:

	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Buildings	4,067	4,067
Motor vehicles	558	558
Office equipment, furniture and fittings and computer equipment	2,792	2,657
	<u>7,417</u>	<u>7,282</u>

14. Intangible assets

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Computer Software		
Cost:		
At 1 January	585	-
Additions	70	585
At 30 June/ 31 December	<u>655</u>	<u>585</u>
Accumulated amortisation:		
At 1 January	222	-
Amortisation charged (Note 25)	126	222
At 30 June/ 31 December	<u>348</u>	<u>222</u>
Net carrying amount	<u>307</u>	<u>363</u>

15. Deferred tax assets

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January	6,256	6,842
Recognised in the income statement (Note 26)	746	(586)
At 30 June/31 December	<u>7,002</u>	<u>6,256</u>

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

15. Deferred tax assets (cont'd.)

Group and Bank
30.6.2009 31.12.2008
RM'000 RM'000

Presented after appropriate offsetting as follows:

Deferred tax assets	7,348	6,692
Deferred tax liabilities	(346)	(436)
	7,002	6,256

The components and movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities during the financial period/year prior to offsetting are as follows:

Group and Bank

Deferred tax assets

	General allowance RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 January 2009	6,482	210	6,692
Recognised in the income statement	656	-	656
At 30 June 2009	7,138	210	7,348
At 1 January 2008	6,634	405	7,039
Recognised in the income statement	(152)	(195)	(347)
At 31 December 2008	6,482	210	6,692

Deferred tax liabilities

	Capital allowances RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 January 2009	(429)	(7)	(436)
Recognised in the income statement	90	-	90
At 30 June 2009	(339)	(7)	(346)
At 1 January 2008	(190)	(7)	(197)
Recognised in the income statement	(239)	-	(239)
At 31 December 2008	(429)	(7)	(436)

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

16. Deposits from customers

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Fixed deposits	1,123,060	1,060,062
Negotiable instruments of deposits	109,000	97,000
Current accounts	92,323	105,703
Savings deposits	10,623	9,090
Others	2,887	5,470
	<u>1,337,893</u>	<u>1,277,325</u>

- (i) The maturity structure of fixed deposits and negotiable instruments of deposits is as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Due within six months	1,070,151	866,958
Six months to one year	152,480	274,106
One year to three years	9,369	15,188
Over three years	60	810
	<u>1,232,060</u>	<u>1,157,062</u>

- (ii) The deposits are sourced from the following customers:

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Government and statutory bodies	2,887	5,470
Business enterprises	1,085,938	1,009,719
Individuals	211,883	202,439
Others	37,185	59,697
	<u>1,337,893</u>	<u>1,277,325</u>

- (iii) The weighted average effective interest rate for deposits from customers at the balance sheet date was 2.35% (2008: 3.15%) per annum.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

17. Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institution

	Group and Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Licensed banks and other financial institution	97,324	386,282

The weighted average effective interest rate for deposits and placements of banks and other financial institution at the balance sheet date was 0.96% (31.12.2008: 3.59%) per annum.

18. Other liabilities

	Group		Bank	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
		(restated)		(restated)
Accruals	1,896	1,023	1,896	1,023
Unrealised loss on derivatives	1,584	1,545	1,584	1,545
Other payables	17,479	13,934	17,476	13,926
	20,959	16,502	20,956	16,494

19. Share capital

	Number of ordinary shares of RM1 each		Amount	
	30.6.2009	31.12.2008	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	'000	'000	RM'000	RM'000
Authorised	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000
Issued and fully paid	265,000	265,000	265,000	265,000

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

20. Statutory reserve

The statutory reserve is maintained in compliance with Section 36 of the Banking and Financial Institutions Act, 1989 and is not distributable as cash dividends.

21. Interest income

	Group and Bank			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Loans and advances	13,498	17,454	30,077	33,859
Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions	2,845	5,956	6,026	16,638
Securities Held-for-Trading	25	6	66	97
Securities Available-for-Sale	1,548	1,332	3,451	2,249
Securities Held-to-Maturity	176	147	315	297
	<u>18,092</u>	<u>24,895</u>	<u>39,935</u>	<u>53,140</u>
Amortisation of premium net of accretion of discount	(228)	(123)	(411)	(257)
	<u>17,864</u>	<u>24,772</u>	<u>39,524</u>	<u>52,883</u>

22. Interest expense

	Group and Bank			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Deposits from customers	9,051	8,371	19,842	17,142
Deposits and placements of licensed banks	377	6,181	1,899	15,738
	<u>9,428</u>	<u>14,552</u>	<u>21,741</u>	<u>32,880</u>

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

23. Loan loss and allowances, net

	Group and Bank			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
General allowance for bad and doubtful debts	(3,300)	(1,100)	(4,300)	(4,541)
Specific allowance for bad and doubtful debts	-	(4,293)	(1,188)	(4,293)
Specific allowance written back	304	692	795	692
Bad debts recovered	1,126	24	1,142	626
	<u>(1,870)</u>	<u>(4,677)</u>	<u>(3,551)</u>	<u>(7,516)</u>

24. Non-interest income

	Group			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Fee income:				
Commission	486	469	990	931
Service charges and fees	101	465	220	1,011
Guarantee fees	230	294	487	592
	<u>817</u>	<u>1,228</u>	<u>1,697</u>	<u>2,534</u>
Investment income:				
Net gain/(loss) on sale of investment:				
Securities Held-for-Trading	16	(74)	(39)	(45)
Securities Available-for-Sale	-	-	680	-
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of securities				
Held-for-Trading	(35)	-	13	109
Gross dividend from investment securities	6	28	6	28
	<u>(13)</u>	<u>(46)</u>	<u>660</u>	<u>92</u>

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

25. Overhead expenses

	Group			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009 to 30.6.2009 RM'000	1.4.2008 to 30.6.2008 RM'000	1.1.2009 to 30.6.2009 RM'000	1.1.2008 to 30.6.2008 RM'000
Personnel costs	3,244	2,975	6,103	5,661
Establishment costs	774	697	1,488	1,295
Marketing expenses	138	98	227	147
Administration and general expenses	818	758	1,629	1,621
Other non-interest expenses	21	63	46	88
	<u>4,995</u>	<u>4,591</u>	<u>9,493</u>	<u>8,812</u>
(i) Included in personnel costs are:				
Short term accumulating compensated absences	3	9	11	22
Defined contribution plan				
- Employees Provident Fund	350	321	694	628
Termination benefits	64	-	100	-
(ii) Included in the above overhead expenses are:				
Directors' remuneration (Note iii)	424	400	849	803
Hire of equipment	11	12	22	41
Auditors' remuneration:				
- statutory audit	25	19	41	33
- other services	17	10	38	30
Depreciation	322	247	639	479
Amortisation of intangible asset	65	36	126	36
(iii) Directors' remuneration				
Executive Director:				
Salary and other remuneration	253	220	506	440
Benefits-in-kind	5	7	11	13
	<u>258</u>	<u>227</u>	<u>517</u>	<u>453</u>
Non-executive directors:				
Fees	165	174	328	348
Other remuneration	6	6	15	15
	<u>171</u>	<u>180</u>	<u>343</u>	<u>363</u>
Total	<u>429</u>	<u>407</u>	<u>860</u>	<u>816</u>
Total excluding benefits-in-kind	<u>424</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>849</u>	<u>803</u>

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

25. Overhead expenses (cont'd.)

	Bank			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009 to 30.6.2009 RM'000	1.4.2008 to 30.6.2008 RM'000	1.1.2009 to 30.6.2009 RM'000	1.1.2008 to 30.6.2008 RM'000
Personnel costs	3,244	2,975	6,103	5,661
Establishment costs	774	697	1,488	1,295
Marketing expenses	138	98	227	147
Administration and general expenses	817	757	1,629	1,620
Other non-interest expenses	21	63	46	88
	<u>4,994</u>	<u>4,590</u>	<u>9,493</u>	<u>8,811</u>
(i) Included in personnel costs are:				
Short term accumulating compensated absences	3	9	11	22
Defined contribution plan				
- Employees Provident Fund	350	321	694	628
Termination benefits	64	-	100	-
(ii) Included in the above overhead expenses are:				
Directors' remuneration (Note iii)	424	400	849	803
Hire of equipment	11	12	22	41
Auditors' remuneration:				
- statutory audit	25	19	41	33
- other services	17	10	38	30
Depreciation	322	247	639	479
Amortisation of intangible asset	65	36	126	36
(iii) Directors' remuneration				
Executive Director:				
Salary and other remuneration	253	220	506	440
Benefits-in-kind	5	7	11	13
	<u>258</u>	<u>227</u>	<u>517</u>	<u>453</u>
Non-executive directors:				
Fees	165	174	328	348
Other remuneration	6	6	15	15
	<u>171</u>	<u>180</u>	<u>343</u>	<u>363</u>
Total	<u>429</u>	<u>407</u>	<u>860</u>	<u>816</u>
Total excluding benefits-in-kind	<u>424</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>849</u>	<u>803</u>

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

26. Taxation

	Group			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Income tax:				
Current period	1,433	1,200	3,201	3,578
Overprovision in prior years	(552)	-	(550)	-
Deferred tax:				
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences (Note 15)	(700)	(240)	(746)	(813)
	<u>181</u>	<u>960</u>	<u>1,905</u>	<u>2,765</u>

	Bank			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Income tax:				
Current period	1,433	1,198	3,200	3,576
Overprovision in prior years	(552)	-	(550)	-
Deferred tax:				
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences (Note 15)	(700)	(240)	(746)	(813)
	<u>181</u>	<u>958</u>	<u>1,904</u>	<u>2,763</u>

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (31.12.2008: 26%) of the estimated assessable profit for the period.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

26. Taxation (cont'd.)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Group and of the Bank is as follows:

	Group			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit before taxation	3,590	3,571	9,604	9,245
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (30.6.2008: 26%)	898	928	2,401	2,404
Overprovision in prior years	(552)	-	(550)	-
Reversal of deferred tax provided in prior quarter	(174)	-	-	-
Effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	9	32	54	361
Tax expense for the period	181	960	1,905	2,765
			Bank	
			Current Quarter	
			3 months ended	
			1.1.2009	1.1.2008
			to	to
			30.6.2009	30.6.2008
			RM'000	RM'000
Profit before taxation	3,588	3,563	9,600	9,236
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (30.6.2008: 26%)	897	926	2,400	2,401
Overprovision in prior years	(552)	-	(550)	-
Reversal of deferred tax provided in prior quarter	(174)	-	-	-
Effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	10	32	54	362
Tax expense for the period	181	958	1,904	2,763

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

27. Earning per share

Basic earnings per share of the Bank is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholder for the financial period by the number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial period as follows:

	Group			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Net profit for the period (RM'000)	3,409	2,611	7,699	6,480
Number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	265,000	265,000	265,000	265,000
Basic earnings per share (sen)	1.29	0.99	2.91	2.45

	Bank			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Net profit for the period (RM'000)	3,407	2,605	7,696	6,473
Number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	265,000	265,000	265,000	265,000
Basic earnings per share (sen)	1.29	0.98	2.90	2.44

There is no dilutive potential in the ordinary shares as at 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2008.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

28. Commitments and contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Bank makes various commitments and incurs certain contingent liabilities with legal recourse to its customers. No material losses are anticipated as a result of these transactions.

Risk weighted exposures of the Bank as at the balance sheet date:

	Principal Amount ← RM'000	Credit Equivalent Amount* 30.6.2009 RM'000	Risk weighted amount → RM'000	Principal Amount ← RM'000	Credit Equivalent Amount* 31.12.2008 RM'000	Risk weighted amount → RM'000
Direct credit substitutes	19,740	19,740	19,219	21,308	21,308	20,804
Transaction-related contingent items	76,676	38,338	35,766	82,793	41,397	38,910
Short-term self-liquidating trade-related contingencies	23,867	4,773	4,774	33,932	6,786	6,786
Forward foreign exchange contracts						
- less than one year	256,970	3,708	3,077	139,831	2,278	1,834
Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an original - maturity more than one year	85	43	34	112	56	56
- maturity less than one year	-	-	-	728,310	145,662	145,921
Any commitment that are unconditionally cancelled at any time without prior notice	930,281	-	-	30,017	-	-
Total	1,307,619	66,602	62,870	1,036,303	217,487	214,311

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

28. Commitments and contingencies (cont'd.)

The credit equivalent amount and risk-weighted amount are arrived at using the credit conversion factors as defined in Bank Negara Malaysia's revised Risk Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework: Standardised Approach (Basel II).

Banking Institutions can apply a 0% credit conversion factor (CCF), instead of 50% on the undrawn portion of credit facilities with an original maturity of more than one year, conditional upon the institution undertaking a credit review of the facility at least annually and having the right to withdraw the facility following an unsatisfactory assessment and can also apply a 0% CCF (instead of 20%) on the undrawn portions of credit facilities with an original maturity of less than one year as a temporary measure until 31 December 2010 under the Risk Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework (RWCAF).

The forward foreign exchange contracts are subject to market risk and credit risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the potential change in value caused by movement in market rates or prices. The contractual amounts stated above provide only a measure of involvement in these types of transactions and do not represent the amounts subject to market risk. Exposure to market risk may be reduced through offsetting on and off-balance sheet positions. As at 30 June 2009, the amount of contracts which were not hedged and, hence, exposed to market risk is RM 3,033,000 (2008: RM1,752,000).

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that a counterparty may be unable to meet the terms of a contract in which the Bank has a gain position. As at 30 June 2009, the amounts of credit risk, measured in terms of the cost to replace the profitable contracts, was RM3,708,000 (2008: RM2,278,000). This amount will increase or decrease over the life of the contracts, mainly as a function of maturity dates and market rates or prices.

29. Interest rate risk

The Group and the Bank are exposed to various risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The following table indicates the effective interest rates at the balance sheet date and the periods in which the financial instruments reprice or mature, whichever is earlier.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

29. Interest rate risk (cont'd.)

Group	Non-trading book					Non-interest sensitive RM'000	Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000	Effective interest rate %
	Up to 1 month RM'000	> 1-3 months RM'000	> 3-12 months RM'000	1-5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000				
As at 30 June 2009									
Assets									
Cash and short-term funds	396,585	-	-	-	-	21,273	-	417,858	2.02
Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions	-	140,000	-	-	-	-	-	140,000	2.10
Securities Held-for-Trading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Available-for-Sale	-	-	5,002	102,142	28,928	872	-	136,944	3.82
Securities Held-to-Maturity	-	-	-	35,414	-	13	-	35,427	3.33
Loans, advances and financing									
- performing	1,221,440	14,658	6,892	-	1,687	-	-	1,244,677	4.16
- non-performing *	-	-	-	-	-	(16,620)	-	(16,620)	n/a
Other non-interest sensitive balances	-	-	-	-	-	32,435	-	32,435	n/a
Total assets	1,618,025	154,658	11,894	137,556	30,615	37,973	-	1,990,721	
Liabilities									
Deposits from customers	719,062	237,952	371,450	9,429	-	-	-	1,337,893	2.35
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institution	62,064	35,150	-	-	-	110	-	97,324	0.96
Bills and acceptances payable	7,166	13,347	6,892	-	-	-	-	27,405	2.30
Obligation on securities sold under repurchase agreement	120,887	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,887	1.98
Other non-interest sensitive balances	-	-	-	-	-	21,154	-	21,154	n/a
Total liabilities	909,179	286,449	378,342	9,429	-	21,264	-	1,604,663	
Shareholder' equity	-	-	-	-	-	386,058	-	386,058	n/a
Total liabilities and shareholder' equity	909,179	286,449	378,342	9,429	-	407,322	-	1,990,721	

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

29. Interest rate risk (cont'd.)

Group	Non-trading book					Non-interest sensitive RM'000	Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000	Effective interest rate %
	Up to 1 month RM'000	> 1-3 months RM'000	> 3-12 months RM'000	1-5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000				
As at 30 June 2009 (Contd.)									
On-balance sheet interest sensitivity gap representing total interest sensitivity gap									
	708,846	(131,791)	(366,448)	128,127	30,615	(369,349)	-		

* This is arrived at after deducting the general allowance and specific allowance from gross non-performing loans outstanding.

Group	Non-trading book					Non-interest sensitive RM'000	Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000	Effective interest rate %
	Up to 1 month RM'000	> 1-3 months RM'000	> 3-12 months RM'000	1-5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000				
As at 31 December 2008									
Assets									
Cash and short-term funds	491,096	-	-	-	-	19,352	-	510,448	3.25
Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Held-for-Trading	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,929	25,929	3.20
Securities Available-for-Sale	-	-	10,000	137,796	30,876	872	-	179,544	3.77
Securities Held-to-Maturity	-	-	-	14,964	-	13	-	14,977	3.65
Loans, advances and financing									
- performing	1,484,248	150	-	3	1,791	-	-	1,486,192	5.11
- non-performing *	-	-	-	-	-	(13,670)	-	(13,670)	n/a
Other non-interest sensitive balances	-	-	-	-	-	65,048	-	65,048	n/a
Total assets	1,975,344	150	10,000	152,763	32,667	71,615	25,929	2,268,468	

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

29. Interest rate risk (cont'd.)

Group	Non-trading book					Non-interest sensitive RM'000	Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000	Effective interest rate %
	Up to 1 month RM'000	> 1-3 months RM'000	> 3-12 months RM'000	1-5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000				
As at 31 December 2008 (Contd.)									
Liabilities									
Deposits from customers	694,905	220,222	346,200	15,998	-	-	-	1,277,325	3.15
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institution	219,115	167,057	-	-	-	110	-	386,282	3.59
Bills and acceptances payable	15,547	25,542	5,735	-	-	-	-	46,824	3.50
Obligation on securities sold under repurchase agreement	158,453	-	-	-	-	-	-	158,453	3.21
Other non-interest sensitive balances	-	-	-	-	-	16,502	-	16,502	n/a
Total liabilities	1,088,020	412,821	351,935	15,998	-	16,612	-	1,885,386	
Shareholder' equity	-	-	-	-	-	383,082	-	383,082	n/a
Total liabilities and shareholder' equity	1,088,020	412,821	351,935	15,998	-	399,694	-	2,268,468	
On-balance sheet interest sensitivity gap representing total interest sensitivity gap	887,324	(412,671)	(341,935)	136,765	32,667	(328,079)	25,929		

* This is arrived at after deducting the general allowance and specific allowance from gross non-performing loans outstanding.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

29. Interest rate risk (cont'd.)

Bank	Non-trading book					Non-interest sensitive RM'000	Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000	Effective interest rate %
	Up to 1 month RM'000	> 1-3 months RM'000	> 3-12 months RM'000	1-5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000				
As at 30 June 2009									
Assets									
Cash and short-term funds	396,585	-	-	-	-	21,238	-	417,823	2.02
Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions	-	140,000	-	-	-	-	-	140,000	2.10
Securities Held-for-Trading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Available-for-Sale	-	-	5,002	102,142	28,928	872	-	136,944	3.82
Securities Held-to-Maturity	-	-	-	35,414	-	13	-	35,427	3.33
Loans, advances and financing									
- performing	1,221,440	14,658	6,892	-	1,687	-	-	1,244,677	4.16
- non-performing *	-	-	-	-	-	(16,620)	-	(16,620)	n/a
Other non-interest sensitive balances	-	-	-	-	-	32,445	-	32,445	n/a
Total assets	1,618,025	154,658	11,894	137,556	30,615	37,948	-	1,990,696	
Liabilities									
Deposits from customers	719,062	237,952	371,450	9,429	-	-	-	1,337,893	2.35
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institution	62,064	35,150	-	-	-	110	-	97,324	0.96
Bills and acceptances payable	7,166	13,347	6,892	-	-	-	-	27,405	2.30
Obligation on securities sold under repurchase agreement	120,887	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,887	1.98
Other non-interest sensitive balances	-	-	-	-	-	21,146	-	21,146	n/a
Total liabilities	909,179	286,449	378,342	9,429	-	21,256	-	1,604,655	
Shareholder' equity	-	-	-	-	-	386,041	-	386,041	n/a
Total liabilities and shareholder' equity	909,179	286,449	378,342	9,429	-	407,297	-	1,990,696	

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

29. Interest rate risk (cont'd.)

Bank	← Non-trading book →					Non-interest sensitive	Trading book	Effective interest	
	Up to 1 month	> 1-3 months	> 3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years			Total	rate
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	%
As at									
30 June 2009									
(cont'd.)									
On-balance sheet interest sensitivity gap representing total interest sensitivity gap	708,846	(131,791)	(366,448)	128,127	30,615	(369,349)	-		

* This is arrived at after deducting the general allowance and specific allowance from gross non-performing loans outstanding.

As at 31 December 2008

Assets									
Cash and short-term funds	491,096	-	-	-	-	19,320	-	510,416	3.25
Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Held-for-Trading	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,929	25,929	3.20
Securities Available-for-Sale	-	-	10,000	137,796	30,876	872	-	179,544	3.77
Securities Held-to-Maturity	-	-	-	14,964	-	13	-	14,977	3.65
Loans, advances and financing									
- performing	1,484,248	150	-	3	1,791	-	-	1,486,192	5.11
- non-performing *	-	-	-	-	-	(13,670)	-	(13,670)	n/a
Other non-interest sensitive balances	-	-	-	-	-	65,058	-	65,058	n/a
Total assets	1,975,344	150	10,000	152,763	32,667	71,593	25,929	2,268,446	

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

29. Interest rate risk (cont'd.)

Bank	Non-trading book					Non-interest sensitive RM'000	Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000	Effective interest rate %
	Up to 1 month RM'000	> 1-3 months RM'000	> 3-12 months RM'000	1-5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000				
As at 31 December 2008 (cont'd.)									
Liabilities									
Deposits from customers	694,905	220,222	346,200	15,998	-	-	-	1,277,325	3.15
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institution	219,115	167,057	-	-	-	110	-	386,282	3.59
Bills and acceptances payable	15,547	25,542	5,735	-	-	-	-	46,824	3.50
Obligation on securities sold under repurchase agreement	158,453	-	-	-	-	-	-	158,453	3.21
Other non-interest sensitive balances	-	-	-	-	-	16,494	-	16,494	n/a
Total liabilities	1,088,020	412,821	351,935	15,998	-	16,604	-	1,885,378	
Shareholder' equity	-	-	-	-	-	383,068	-	383,068	n/a
Total liabilities and shareholder' equity	1,088,020	412,821	351,935	15,998	-	399,672	-	2,268,446	
On-balance sheet interest sensitivity gap representing total interest sensitivity gap									
	887,324	(412,671)	(341,935)	136,765	32,667	(328,079)	25,929		

* This is arrived at after deducting the general allowance and specific allowance from gross non-performing loans outstanding.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

30. Significant related party transactions and balances

	Group and Bank			
	Current Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	3 months ended		6 months ended	
	1.4.2009	1.4.2008	1.1.2009	1.1.2008
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2009	30.6.2008	30.6.2009	30.6.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Income				
Interest on advances to holding company and its branches	9	934	36	3,386
Expenditure				
Interest on advances from holding company and its branches	127	1,096	778	1,427
			30.6.2009	31.12.2008
			RM'000	RM'000
Amount due to				
Deposits and placements from holding company and its branches			35,812	156,282
Amount due from				
Cash and short-term funds placed with holding company and its branches			8,314	9,902

The directors are of the opinion that all the transactions above have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties.

31. Capital adequacy

- (i) Capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are computed in accordance with BNM's revised Risk Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework (RWCAF): Standardised Approach for Credit Risk and Market Risk, and Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk (Basel II).
- (ii) The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank as at the balance sheet date, are as follows:

	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Core capital ratio	26.71%	20.37%
Risk-weighted capital ratio	28.58%	21.65%

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

31. Capital adequacy (cont'd.)

- (iii) The components of Tier-1 and Tier-2 capital (excluding deferred tax assets) of the Bank are as follows:

	30.6.2009	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000
Tier-1 Capital		
Paid-up share capital	265,000	265,000
Statutory reserve	112,454	112,454
Retained Profits	11,017	3,321
Less: Deferred tax assets	(7,002)	(6,256)
Total Tier-1 Capital	<u>381,469</u>	<u>374,519</u>
Tier-2 Capital		
General allowance for doubtful debts	26,647	23,540
Total Tier-2 Capital	<u>26,647</u>	<u>23,540</u>
Total capital	408,116	398,059
Less: Investment in subsidiary	(10)	(10)
Capital base	<u>408,106</u>	<u>398,049</u>

- (iv) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets (excluding deferred tax assets) of the Bank in the various categories of risk-weights are as follows:

	Principal	Risk- Weighted	Principal	Risk- Weighted
	30.6.2009	30.6.2009	31.12.2008	31.12.2008
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
0%	622,386	-	636,413	-
10%	-	-	-	-
20%	124,545	24,909	108,571	21,714
35%	4,693	1,643	5,201	1,821
50%	34,895	17,447	34,259	17,129
75%	833	625	41	31
100%	1,282,801	1,282,801	1,686,560	1,686,560
150%	5,275	7,912	9,714	14,571
Total risk-weighted assets for credit risk		<u>1,335,337</u>		<u>1,741,826</u>
Total risk-weighted assets for market risk		4,204		10,613
Total risk-weighted assets for operational risk		<u>88,554</u>		<u>85,826</u>
Total risk-weighted assets		<u>1,428,095</u>		<u>1,838,265</u>

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

31. Capital adequacy (cont'd.)

(v) Disclosures relating to credit risk and market risk

Exposure Class	Gross Exposures RM'000	Net Exposures RM'000	Risk weighted Assets RM'000	Capital Requirements RM'000
30 June 2009				
<u>Credit Risk</u>				
On-Balance Sheet Exposures				
Sovereigns/Central Banks	583,436	583,436	-	-
Banks, Development Financial Institutions & MDBs	124,588	124,588	26,040	2,083
Corporates	1,260,273	1,260,273	1,209,555	96,764
Regulatory Retail	961	961	519	42
Residential Mortgages	9,087	9,087	3,839	307
Higher Risk Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	19,585	19,585	17,254	1,380
Equity Exposure	872	872	341	27
Defaulted Exposures	10,023	10,023	11,187	895
Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures	2,008,825	2,008,825	1,268,735	101,498
OTC Derivatives	-	-	-	-
Credit Derivatives	-	-	-	-
Off balance sheet exposures other than OTC derivatives or credit derivatives	66,600	66,600	66,600	5,328
Defaulted Exposures	2	2	2	-
Total for Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	66,602	66,602	66,602	5,328
Total for On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	2,075,427	2,075,427	1,335,337	106,826
<u>Market Risk</u>	Long Position	Short Position		
Interest Rate Risk	137,231	136,986	245	1,170
Foreign Currency Risk	8,187	5,153	3,034	3,034
Operational Risk	-	-	88,554	7,084
Total RWA and Capital Requirements			1,428,095	114,247

299740 W

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

31. Capital adequacy (cont'd.)

Credit Risk Disclosures on Risk Weights

Risk Weights	← Exposures after Netting and Credit Risk Mitigation →							Total Exposures after Netting & Credit Risk Mitigation RM'000	Total Risk Weighted Assets RM'000
	Sovereigns & Central Banks RM'000	Banks, MDBs and FDIs RM'000	Corporates RM'000	Regulatory Retail RM'000	Residential Mortgages RM'000	Other Assets RM'000	Equity RM'000		
As at 30 June 2009									
0%	583,436	-	36,385	234	-	2,331	-	622,386	-
20%	-	118,842	5,040	-	-	-	664	124,546	24,909
35%	-	-	-	-	4,693	-	-	4,693	1,643
50%	-	6,949	23,550	-	4,394	-	-	34,893	17,447
75%	-	-	-	833	-	-	-	833	625
100%	-	-	1,263,536	-	1,803	17,254	208	1,282,801	1,282,801
150%	-	-	4,767	508	-	-	-	5,275	7,912
Average Risk Weight								2,075,427	1,335,337
Deduction from Capital Base	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

299740 W

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

31. Capital adequacy (cont'd.)

Credit Risk Disclosures on Risk Weights

Risk Weights	← Exposures after Netting and Credit Risk Mitigation →							Total Exposures after Netting & Credit Risk Mitigation RM'000	Total Risk Weighted Assets RM'000
	Sovereigns & Central Banks RM'000	Banks, MDBs and FDIs RM'000	Corporates RM'000	Regulatory Retail RM'000	Residential Mortgages RM'000	Other Assets RM'000	Equity RM'000		
As at 31 December 2008									
0%	603,610	-	30,105	-	-	2,698	-	636,413	-
20%	-	97,794	10,114	-	-	-	664	108,572	21,714
35%	-	-	-	-	5,202	-	-	5,202	1,821
50%	-	5,787	23,666	-	4,806	-	-	34,259	17,129
75%	-	-	-	41	-	-	-	41	31
100%	-	-	1,658,011	-	1,656	26,685	208	1,686,560	1,686,560
150%	-	-	9,714	-	-	-	-	9,714	14,571
Average Risk Weight								2,480,761	1,741,826
Deduction from Capital Base	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)**

32. Financial instruments

Financial risk management policies

Risk management is one of the critical success factors in banking and is an essential element of the Bank's overall business strategy. The Board of Directors recognises that a critical factor in the Bank's continued survival, profitability and success depends on the effectiveness of its risk management capabilities and risk return management. Therefore, the Bank's financial risk management policies seek to ensure that adequate financial resources are available for the development of the Bank's business whilst managing its foreign exchange, interest rate, credit and liquidity risks. The Bank operates within clearly defined guidelines that are approved by the Board.

Major areas of the Bank's risk management are as follows:

(a) Credit risk management

Credit risk is the potential loss of revenue and principal losses in the form of specific allowances as a result of partial or total default of a loan by the borrower. As such, management of credit risk is not only vital in protecting the Bank's assets quality but also to sustain profits. Various credit committees are set up to supervise credit activities and management of credit risks.

The Bank's credit risk grading system is used to grade the quality of all commercial and business loans. A key objective of the rating system is to track the movement of the Bank's credit risk profile and to assist in the early detection of weak borrowers to commence early rehabilitation and to prevent the emergence of new NPLs.

An effective preventive measure to identify and manage emerging problem loans is the independent review of performing loans by a special unit. This review is carried out with the prime objective of implementing prompt pre-emptive measures on loans where credit risks have increased.

For corrective measures, loans which are three months in arrears and above would be under the purview of the Loan Review and Rehabilitation Committee. This committee would meet monthly to direct efforts towards effective collection, restructuring and rehabilitation of delinquent loans to prevent and recover NPLs expeditiously.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

32. Financial instruments (cont'd.)

(b) Market risk management

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from movement in the level of market prices or rates, the two key components being interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange risk.

In order to manage risk in investment holding, the Bank marks-to-market its investment positions and makes comparisons against predetermined market risk limits. The market risk limits are set taking into consideration the risk appetite of the Bank, which has traditionally been prudent.

Foreign currency exchange risk arises from exchange rate movements, which may affect the profit of the Bank from its foreign exchange open positions taken from time to time. This risk is principally managed by setting predetermined limits on open foreign exchange positions against these limits and the setting and monitoring of cut-loss mechanisms.

Interest rate risk refers to the volatility in net interest income as a result of changes in the levels of interest rates and shifts in the composition of the assets and liabilities. The Bank's Asset Liabilities Committee regularly reviews the interest rate outlook, assesses the vulnerability of net interest income and develops strategies to mitigate interest rate risk.

(c) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk relates to the ability of the Bank to maintain sufficient liquid assets to meet its financial commitments and obligations when they fall due at a reasonable cost.

The primary tool used for monitoring liquidity is the Bank Negara Malaysia New Liquidity Framework ("NLF"). The NLF is further supplemented with the Bank's internal liquidity risk management policies set by the Board of Directors and incorporated in the Asset Liabilities Management policies and procedures. These policies ensure that the liquidity surpluses are within the limit. The liquidity risk management activities are carried out through a combination of management of Cash Flow Reports, maintenance of high quality long-term and short-term marketable securities that can be readily converted to cash, diversification of the funding base and proactive management of the Bank's customer deposits.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

32. Financial instruments (cont'd.)

(d) Fair values

The following table summarises the carrying amounts and fair values of the financial assets and liabilities, which were not presented at fair value in the Group and the Bank's balance sheets:

	Group and Bank			
	30.6.2009		31.12.2008	
	Carrying amount RM'000	Fair value RM'000	Carrying amount RM'000	Fair value RM'000
Securities Held for Trading	-	-	25,929	25,929
Securities Available for Sale	136,944	144,185	179,544	184,113
Securities Held to Maturity	35,427	35,728	14,977	15,244
Loans, advances and financing	1,228,057	1,228,057	1,472,522	1,472,522

The fair values of the Bank's quoted securities, money market instruments and Private debt securities are estimated at their market values as disclosed in Notes 6, 7 and 8.

The fair value of loans is based on the carrying value of the loans and accrued interest receivable net of allowance for bad and doubtful debts as most of the loans are floating rate loans.

The nominal/notional amount and fair value of derivatives are:

	Group and Bank		
	30.6.2009		
	Nominal/ notional amount RM'000	Positive fair value RM'000	Negative fair value RM'000
Forward foreign exchange contracts	256,970	1,855	(1,584)

	Group and Bank		
	31.12.2008		
	Nominal/ notional amount RM'000	Positive fair value RM'000	Negative fair value RM'000
Forward foreign exchange contracts	139,831	1,106	(1,545)

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

32. Financial instruments (cont'd.)

(d) Fair values (cont'd.)

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values of the following classes of financial instruments:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, deposits and placements with Bank Negara Malaysia, deposits from customers and banks, obligations on securities sold under repurchase agreement, bills and acceptances payable, other assets/liabilities

The carrying amounts approximate fair values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

(ii) Securities held-for-trading, held-to-maturities and available-for-sale

The fair value of quoted securities is determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of business of the balance sheet date. The fair value of money market instruments is determined by reference to market bid prices at the close of the business on the balance sheet date. The fair value of Islamic debt securities is determined by reference to last done trade prices of the securities.

The fair values of investments in unquoted shares and private debt securities approximate their carrying amounts due to the lack of quoted market prices and the inability to estimate fair value without incurring excessive costs.

(iii) Derivative financial instruments

The fair value of the forward foreign currency contracts is the estimated amount which the Bank would expect to pay or receive on the termination of the outstanding position arising from such contracts. At the end of the financial period, the fair value of such contracts is determined by reference to the current forward exchange rates for contracts of similar maturity profiles.

Bangkok Bank Berhad
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

33. Comparative figures

The presentation and classification of items in the current year's financial statements are consistent with the previous financial year except for the following comparative figures which have been restated to conform with current year's presentation:

	Group		Bank	
	As restated RM'000	As previously stated RM'000	As restated RM'000	As previously stated RM'000
Other assets	7,270	6,164	7,270	6,164
Other liabilities	16,502	15,396	16,494	15,396